

Dam Removals

A Discussion of Issues and Impacts



As Presented to:

*ASCE Joint Conference on Water Resources
Engineering, Planning & Management
Minneapolis, MN 2000*

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Brief History of Low Head Dams

- Initial Use Provided Hydro Power to Local Industries
- Many Located in Smaller Communities
- Many Retrofitted for Hydroelectric Power Generation in the Early 1900's
- Hydropower Considered Unreliable and Could Not Compete

Dam Removal Receiving More Consideration

- Cost of Ownership - Repair / Modification to Meet Present Standards
- Liability of Ownership / Public Safety
- Environmental Considerations

Dams Provide Secondary Benefits

- Flood Retention
- Recreational Benefits
- Environmental
Wetlands, Habitat Diversity, Sediment Deposition
- Community Intangibles

We Are Faced With Making Decisions

- Many Dams are Presently At or Beyond their Design Life and are in Poor Condition
- Public is Demanding More Accountability for Expenditures at Various Levels
- Secondary Environmental Impacts Receiving more Attention

Issues to Consider

- Engineering Considerations :
 - ASCE Guidelines for Retirement of Dams and Hydroelectric Facilities
- Planning Considerations :
 - ASDSO Issues and Considerations Associated with Decommissioning Dams

Planning Considerations

- Impact to Local Park System
- Loss of Identity
- Floodplain Management
- Impacts on Development Potential
- Property Ownership
- Structure Ownership
- Impact to Local Tax Base

Dam Removal Impacts

Two Case Studies

(Courtesy of SEH, Inc.)

- Mill Pond Dam on the Pomme de Terre River
- Frazee Dam on the Otter Tail River

Appleton Mill Pond Dam Removal Case History

Pomme de Terre River in Western Minnesota

Provided Power for Local Mill Site

Concrete Rubble Dam

Dam Ht = 17 ft

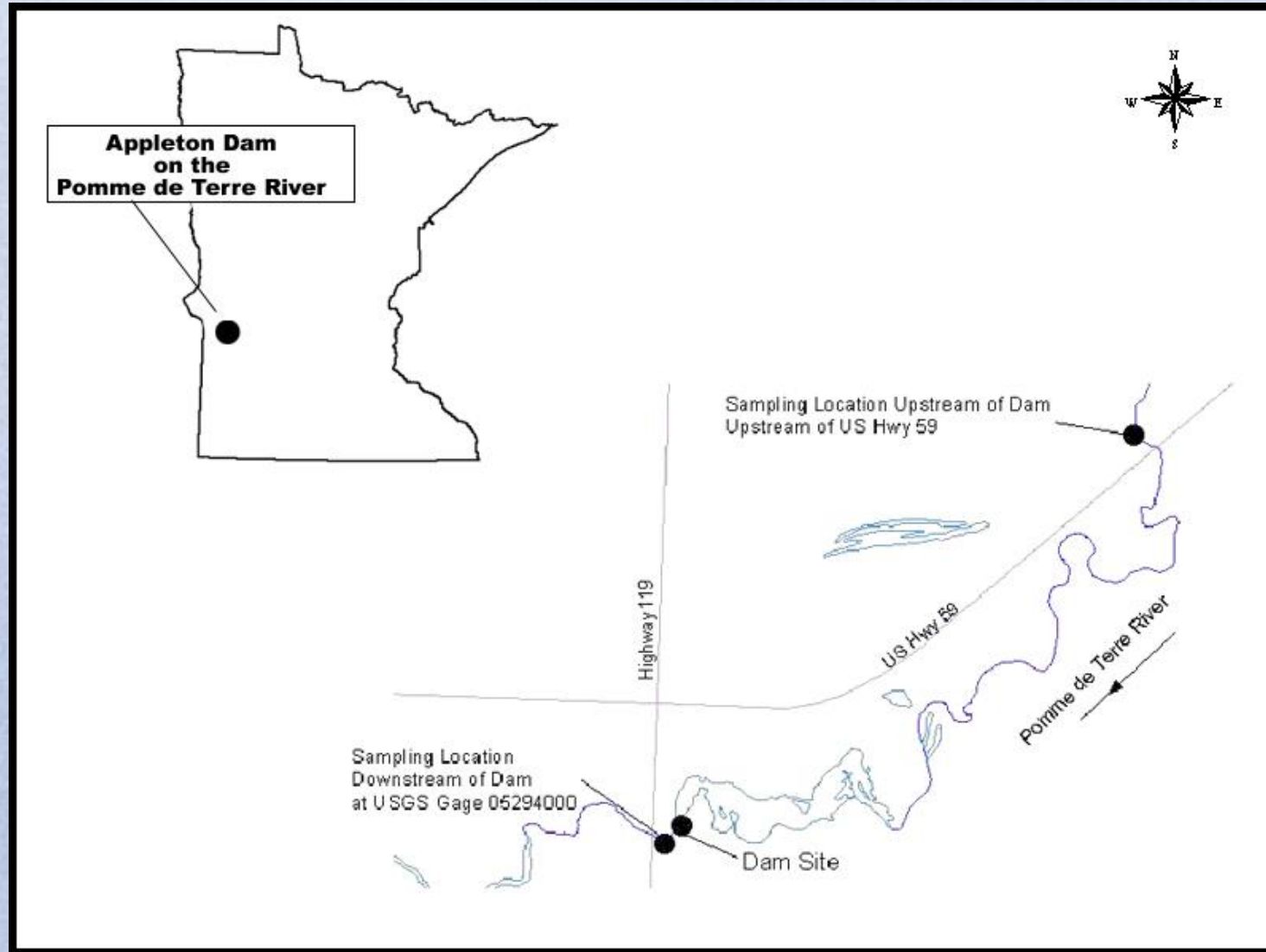
Dam Length = 157 ft

Size of Reservoir = 57 ac

D.A. = 907 sq. miles

Removed in Winter 1998

Appleton Dam Location



Appleton Dam Before Removal



Aerial Photo of Appleton Dam's Pool



Appleton Dam After Removal



Frazees Dam Removal Case History

Otter Tail River in Northwest Minnesota

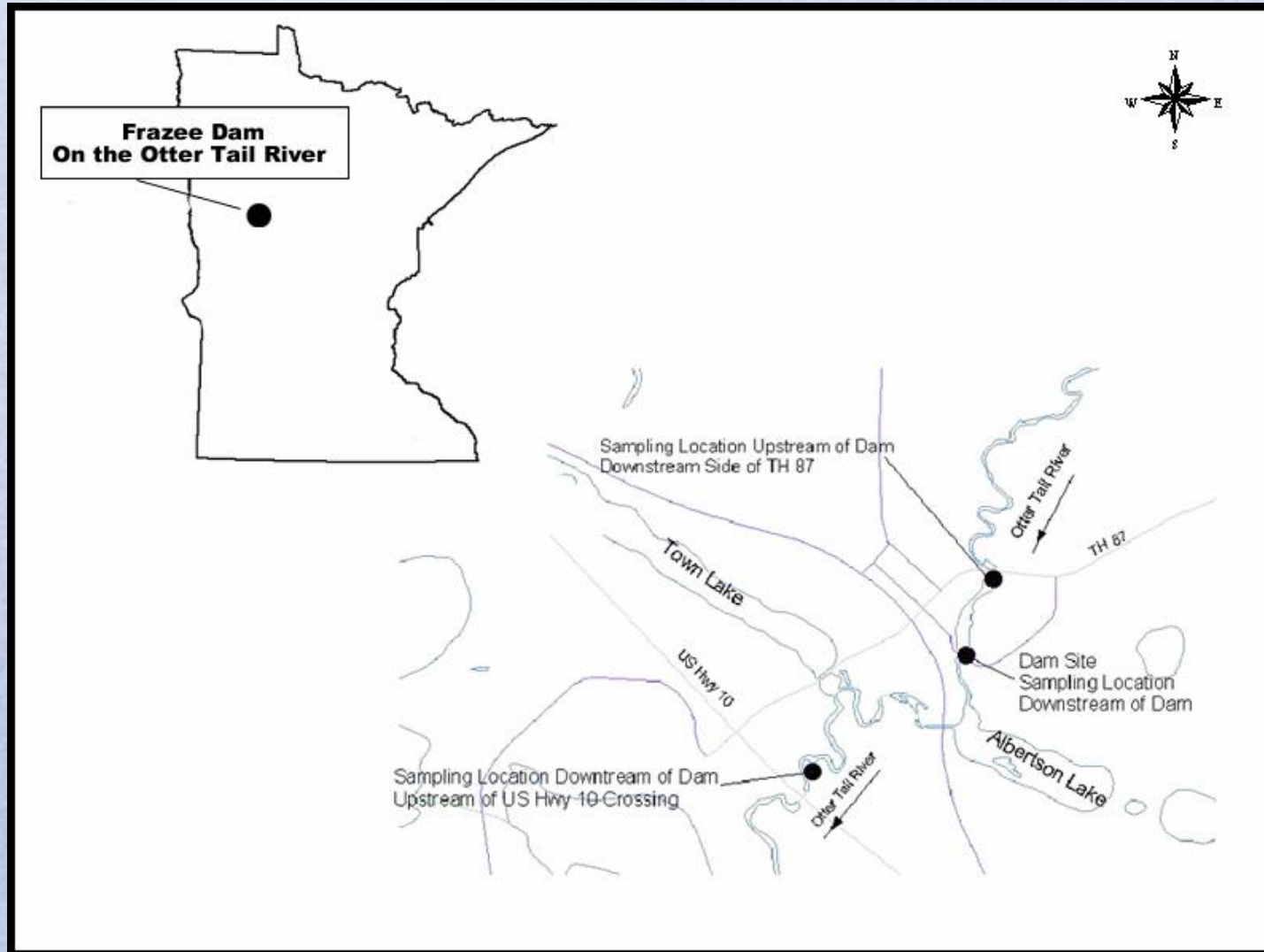
Dam Ht = 19 ft

Dam Length = 60 ft

D.A. = 237.7 sq. miles

Removed in Winter 1998

Frazee Dam Location



Frazee Dam Before Removal



Aerial Photo of Frazee Dam Pool Before Removal



Frazee Dam Site After Removal



T.H. 87 Crossing Upstream of Dam Site



Progression of Frazee Pool *Spring Before Removal*



Progression of Frazee Pool *Fall Before Removal*



Progression of Frazee Pool *Winter During Removal*



Progression of Frazee Pool *Spring After Removal*



Progression of Frazee Pool *Summer After Removal*

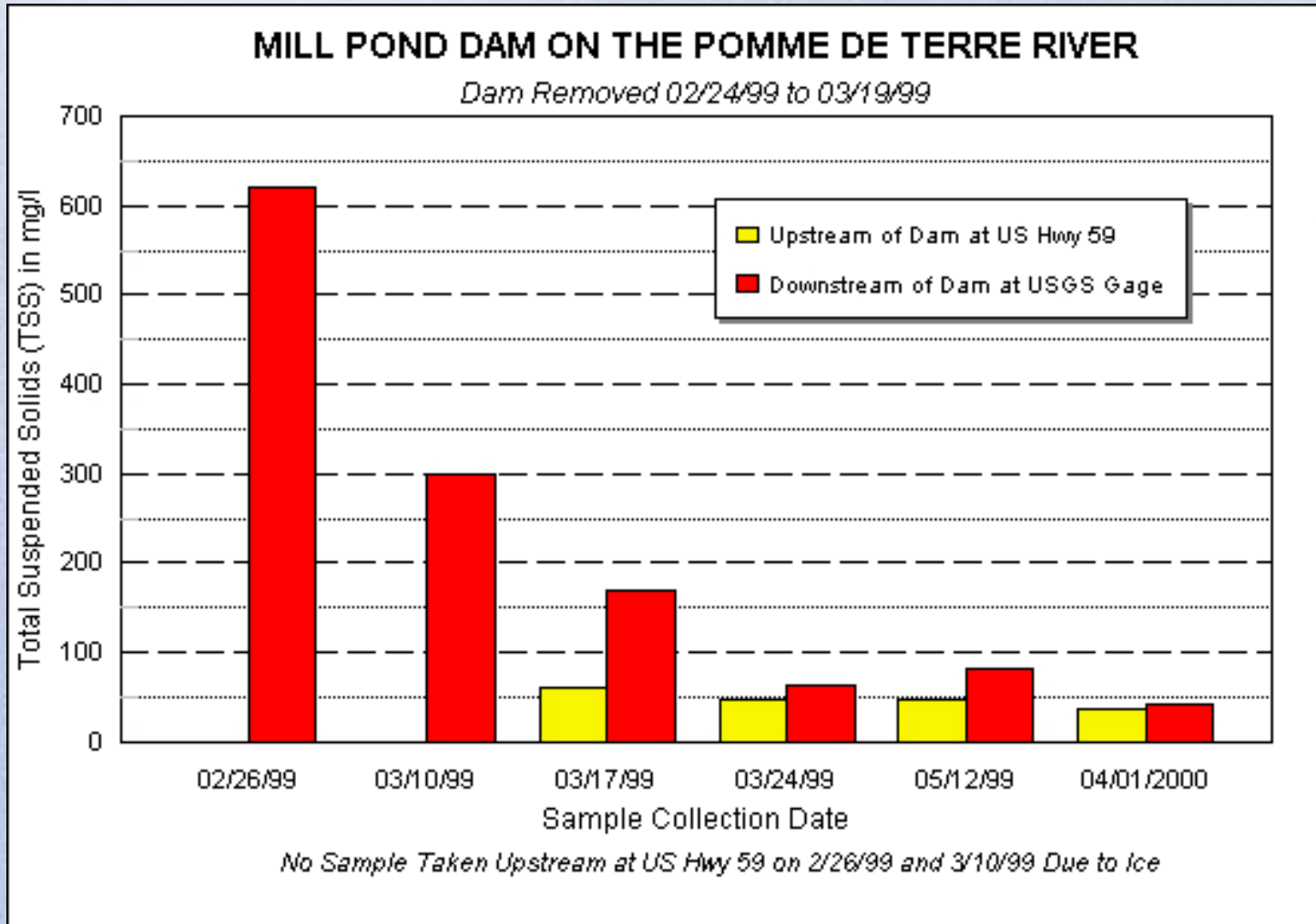


Impact of Dam Removal on Water Quality Was Measured

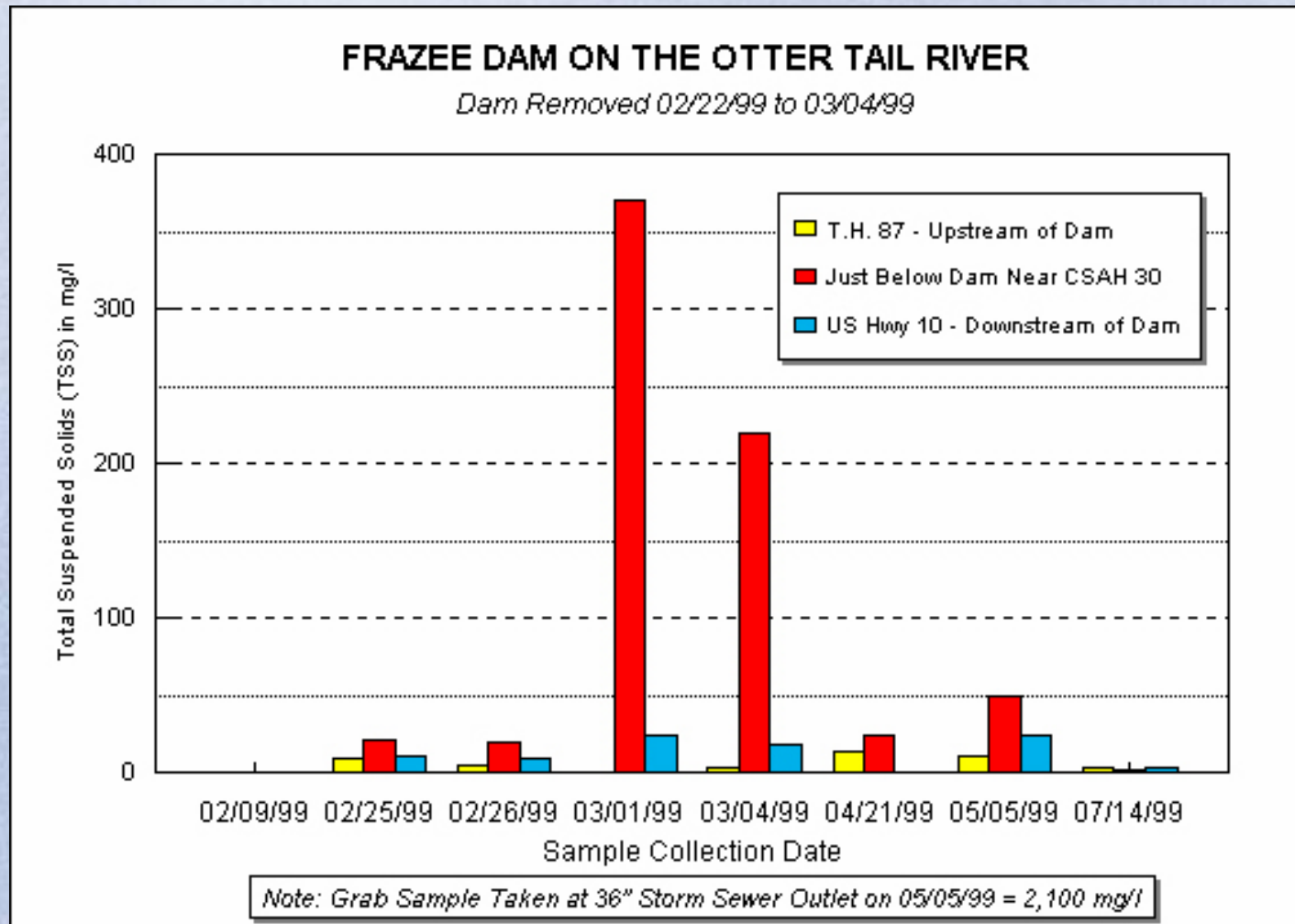
- Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Concentrations were Measured Using a Depth Integrated Sampler



Results of Water Quality Sampling



Results of Water Quality Sampling



Comparison of Measured TSS Values

- A Grab Sample Taken At Frazee (2,100 mg/l)



Conclusions

- Dam Removal is Gaining More Attention as an Alternative to Repair and/or Reconstruction
- Engineering Considerations are Part of the Removal
- Planning Considerations are Part of the Removal
- The Physical Conditions After Removal Must be Fully Explored when Considering Removal (Not Only What's Lost)
- Measured Values During Two Dam Removals Indicate the Impact to In-Stream TSS Concentrations are Short-Term and Stabilize Quickly After the Removal

Thank You.

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